KAMPOYAKI NATURAL
PRODUCTS BIO-CHEMISTRY

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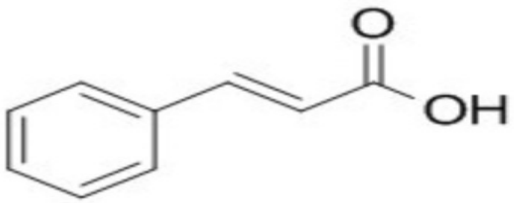
ISO 9001:2015 Certification
ISO 16128-1 ISO 16128-2-2017 EPA www.epa.gov/greenchemistry

CINNAMIC ACID

Datasheet
Kampoyaki Novo-Drug Screening Libraries 4th Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

PRODUCT INFORMATION



Name: Cinnamic acid
Catalog No.: KRN99453
Cas No.: 140-10-3
Purity: >=98%
M.F: $C_9H_8O_2$
M.W: 148.2
Physical Description: Powder
Synonyms: trans-3-Phenylacrylic acid; trans-3-Phenyl-2-propenoic acid; trans-Cinnamic acid; (2E)-3-phenylprop-2-enoic acid; 3-Phenylacrylic acid; Phenylacrylic acid; 3-phenylprop-2-enoic acid; (2E)-3-phenylprop-2-enoate; 2-{[(3alpha,5beta,6beta,7beta,8xi,9xi,14xi)-3,6,7-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino}eth anesulfonic acid;(2Z)-3-phenylprop-2-enoic acid; β-phenylacrylic acid; (E)-Cinnamic acid.

POTENTIAL USES

1. Reference standards; **2.** Pharmacological research; **3.** Food and cosmetic research; **4.** Synthetic precursor compounds; **5.** Active Pharmaceutical Intermediates (API) & Fine Chemicals; **6.** Ingredient in supplements, beverages; **7.** Agricultural research; **8.** Botanical Bio- Allelopathy, **9.** Natural Botanical Molecules as Botanical Bio-Herbicides **10.** As Botanical Bio- Anti-Blight Fungicides

SOURCE

The barks of Cinnamomum cassia.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY OR INHIBITORS

Cinnamic acid is an effective anticancer and antioxidant constituents of traditional Chinese herbal medicines of Xuanshen (Radix scrophulariae), it can serve as protective agents in cancer prevention and treatment.[1]
Cinnamic acid induces cytostasis and a reversal of malignant properties of human tumor cells in vitro, the anti-tumor activity of cinnamic acid may be due in part to the inhibition of protein isoprenylation known to block mitogenic signal transduction, suggests that cinnamic acid as a new member of the aromatic fatty acid class of differentiation-inducers with potential use in cancer intervention.[2]
Cinnamic acids, one type of secondary plant substances found in detritus, inhibit feeding by detritivores, this inhibition occurs at concentrations found in nature and may be a major factor controlling the rate of decay of organic matter.[3]
Cinnamic acid enhances Fusarium wilt by predisposing cucumber roots to infection by Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. Cucumerinum through a direct biochemical and physiological effect, it has likely phytotoxic. [4]
Cinnamic acid potentially can act as an in vivo modulator of the synthesis of phenylpropanoid pathway enzymes although it is not yet fully possible to rule out less specific inhibitory effects.[5]
Cinnamic acid, 4-hydroxycinnamic acid and 4-methoxycinnamic acid strongly inhibit the diphenolase activity of mushroom tyrosinase and the inhibition is reversible, the IC 50 values are estimated to be 2.10, 0.50 and 0.42 mM, respectively.[6]
Cinnamic acid and cinnamyl alcohol are used as fragrance ingredients.[7]

SOLVENT

Pyridine, Methanol, Ethanol, Hot water, etc.

HPLC METHOD (8)

Mobile phase:	Methanol-Acetonitrile-2% Glacial acetic acid H2O=10:22:70 ;
Flow rate:	1.0 ml/min;
Column temperature:	Room Temperature;
The wave length of determination:	254 nm.

STORAGE

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

REFERENCES

[1] Li Q F, Shi S L, Liu Q R, et al. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol., 2008, 40(9):1918-29.
[2] Liu L, Hudgins W R, Shack S, et al. Int. J.Cancer, 1995, 62(3):345–50.
[3] Valiela I, Koumjian L, Swain T, et al. Nature, 1979, 280(280):55-7.
[4] Ye S F, Yu J Q, Peng Y H, et al. Plant & Soil, 2004, 263(1):143-50.
[5] Bolwell G P, Mavandad M, Millar D J, et al. Phytochemistry, 1988, 27(7):2109-17.
[6] Yan S, Chen Q X, Qin W, et al. Food Chem., 2005, 92(4):707-12.
[7] .Belsito D, Bickers D, Bruze M, et al. Food Chem.Toxicol., 2012, 50 3(11):S1–S27.
[8] Song Z, Bi K, Luo X. J. Chromatogr. Sci., 2002, 40(40):198-200.

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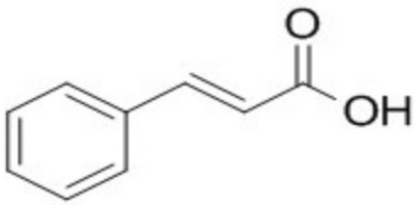
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Name: Cinnamic acid
Catalog No.: KRN99453
Cas No.: 140-10-3
Purity: >= 98%
M.F: $C_9H_8O_2$



Physical Description: Powder
Solvent: Pyridine, Methanol, Ethanol, etc.
Weight 20mg
Lot No. KRS201802
Storage Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze (2-8 °C)
Intended Use For laboratory use only
Shelf Life 2 years

CHARACTERIZATION DATA SUMMARY

Analytical Test	Results
Identification by , HPLC	Consistent with the above structure
Purity tested	>= 98%

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GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 4.2
Revision Date 01/01/2018
Print Date 01/08/2019

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Name: Cinnamic acid

Product code: KRN99453

Company: KAMPOYAKI HERS PTE LTD

Address: 16 New Industrial Road, #05-05 Hudson Techno Centre Singapore 536204

Tel: +65-63833202

Fax: +65-63833632

Website: www.kampoyaki-research.com

E-mail: thiru-sam@kampoyaki-research.com | kampoyak@singnet.com.sg

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 GHS classification

Physical Hazards: Not classified

Health Hazards: Not classified

Environmental Hazards: Not classified

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms or hazard symbols:	None
Signal word:	No signal word
Hazard statements:	None
Precautionary statements:	None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name:	Cinnamic acid
CAS#:	140-10-3
Purity:	>=98%
Formula:	$C_9H_8O_2$
Molecular Weight:	148.2
Hazard Symbols:	---
Risk Phrases:	---

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Consult a doctor.
Skin:	Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Consult a doctor.
Ingestion:	Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Consult a doctor.
Inhalation:	Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. Consult a doctor.

4.2 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable extinguishing

Media:	Dry chemical, foam, water spray, carbon dioxide.
Precautions for firefighters:	Fire-extinguishing work is done from the windward and the suitable fire-extinguishing method according to the surrounding situation is used. Uninvolved persons should evacuate to a safe place. In case of fire in the surroundings: Remove movable containers if safe to do so.

5.2 Special protective

Equipment for firefighters: When extinguishing fire, be sure to wear personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 General Information

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

6.4 Spills/Leaks

Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Sweep up, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Decontaminate spill site with 10% caustic solution and ventilate area until after disposal is complete

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

7.2 Storage

Store in a well closed container. Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.(2-8°C)

7.3 Specific end uses

Use in a laboratory fume hood where possible. Refer to employer is COSHH risk assessment.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Engineering controls

Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. Use process enclosure, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels.

Control parameters: Not set up

8.2 Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Dust respirator. Follow local and national regulations.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses and chemical goggles if splashing is possible.

Skin and body protection: Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Appearance Yellow powder
b) Odour no data available
c) Odour Threshold no data available
d) pH no data available
e) Melting point/freezing point no data available
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range no data available
g) Flash point no data available
h) Evaporation rate no data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available
j) Flammability or explosive limits no data available
k) Vapour pressure no data available
l) Vapour density
m) Relative density no data available
n) Water solubility no data available
o) Partition coefficient: no data available
p) Autoignition temperature no data available
q) Decomposition temperature no data available
r) Viscosity no data available
s) Explosive properties no data available
t) Oxidizing properties no data available

10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible materials, strong oxidants, heat.

10.4 Incompatibilities with Other Materials

Strong oxidising/reducing agents, strong acids/alkalis.

10.5 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide, nitrogen.

10.6 Hazardous Polymerization

Has not been reported.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:	No data available
Skin corrosion/ irritation:	No data available
Serious eye damage/irritation:	No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity:	No data available
Carcinogenicity:	---
IARC:	No data available
NTP:	No data available
Reproductive toxicity:	No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:	No data available
Persistence and degradability:	No data available
Bioaccumulative potential:	No data available
Mobility in soil:	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:	No data available
Other adverse effects:	May be harmful to the aquatic environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in a manner consistent with federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 Hazards Class:

Does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous for transport

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID:	Not dangerous goods
IMDG:	Not dangerous goods
IATA:	Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous for transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No data available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No data available

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This GHS SDS above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no way shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

End of GHS safety data sheet

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